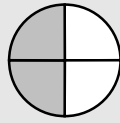


Handout**3 – 6**
Section 20

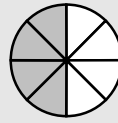
Reinforcement

Equivalent Fractions**ANSWER
KEY****1. Write** the missing denominators.

a)

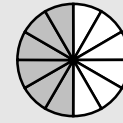


$$\frac{2}{4}$$



4

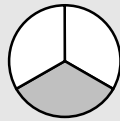
$$\frac{\quad}{8}$$



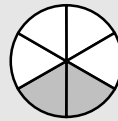
6

$$\frac{\quad}{12}$$

b)

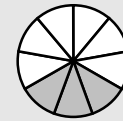


$$\frac{1}{3}$$



2

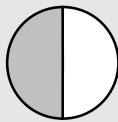
$$\frac{\quad}{6}$$



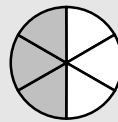
3

$$\frac{\quad}{9}$$

c)

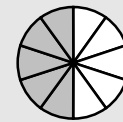


$$\frac{1}{2}$$



3

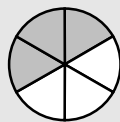
$$\frac{\quad}{6}$$



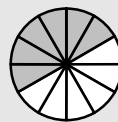
5

$$\frac{\quad}{10}$$

d)

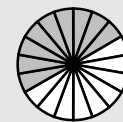


$$\frac{3}{6}$$



6

$$\frac{\quad}{12}$$

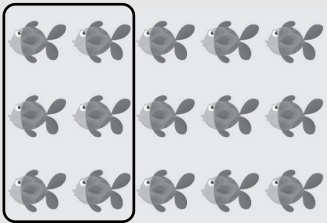


9

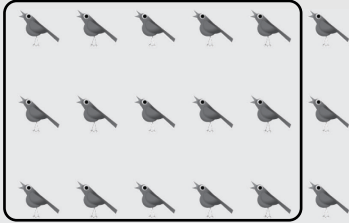
$$\frac{\quad}{18}$$



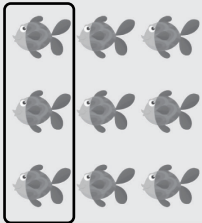
2. Write the numerator needed to make the 2 fractions equivalent.

a) 

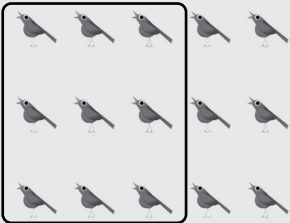
$$\frac{\boxed{6}}{15} = \frac{2}{5}$$

b) 

$$\frac{\boxed{15}}{18} = \frac{5}{6}$$

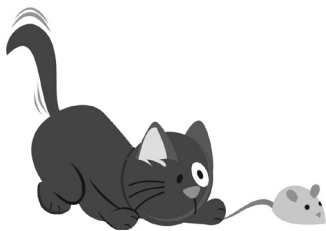
c) 

$$\frac{\boxed{3}}{9} = \frac{1}{3}$$

d) 

$$\frac{\boxed{9}}{15} = \frac{3}{5}$$

3. When Mouser goes hunting, he catches 1 out of 3 mice. If he chases 12 mice one evening, how many should he catch?



Mouser should catch $\boxed{4}$ mice.

